

GAS

4th EDITION
GAS ASIA SUMMIT
Summit and Exhibition
Marina Bay Sands | Singapore
26 - 28 October 2016

SHALE 2.0: OPPORTUNITIES & RISKS FOR LNG EXPORT FROM NORTH AMERICA

Gardner W. Walkup, Jr: Managing Director



Disclaimer



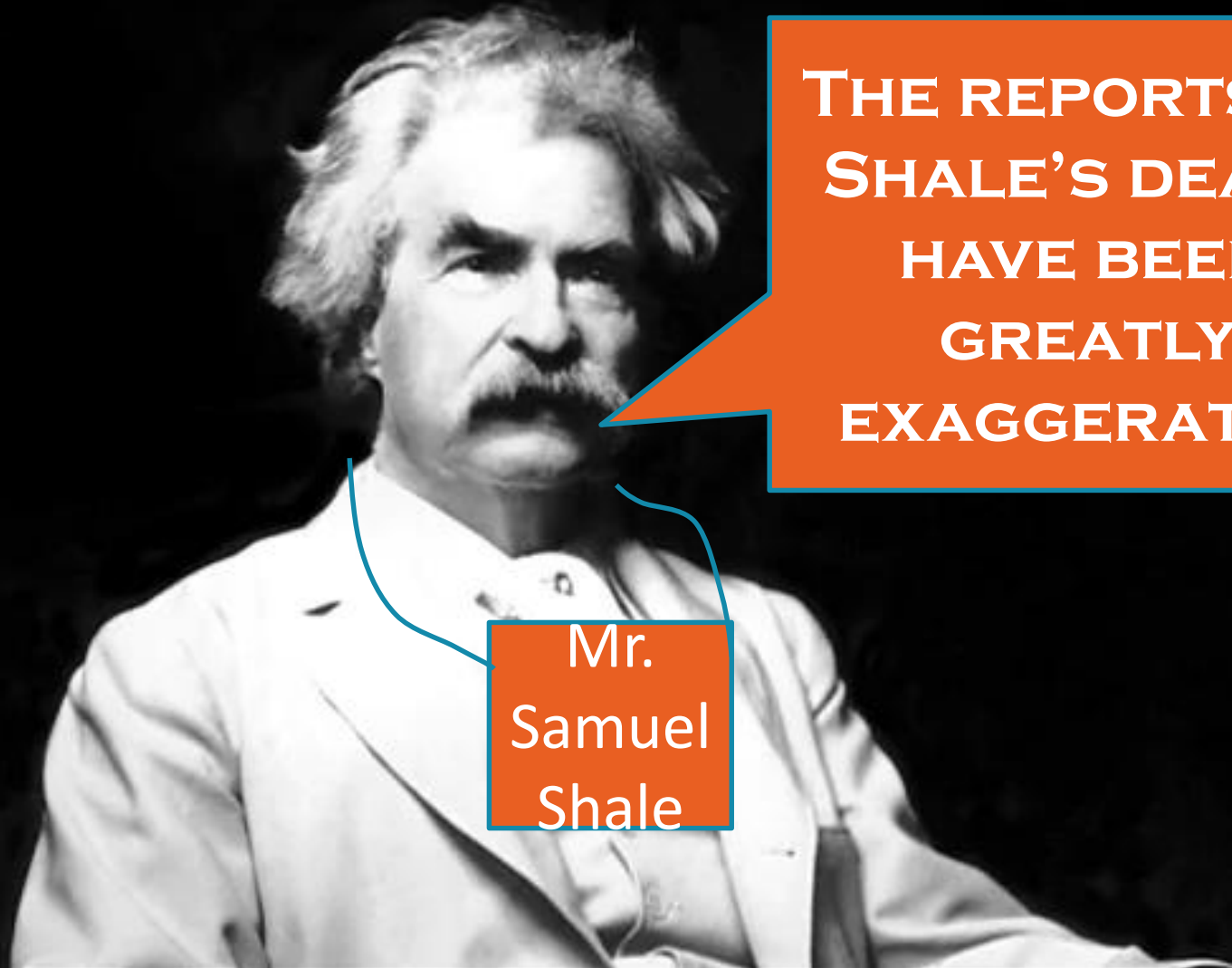
The opinions expressed in this presentation are those of the individual author(s) and do not represent the opinions of BRG or its other employees and affiliates. The information provided is not intended to and does not render legal, accounting, tax, or other professional advice or services, and no client relationship is established with BRG by making any information available in this presentation. None of the information contained herein should be used as a substitute for consultation with competent advisors.

BREAKING NEWS

US Shale Boom “Goes Bust”

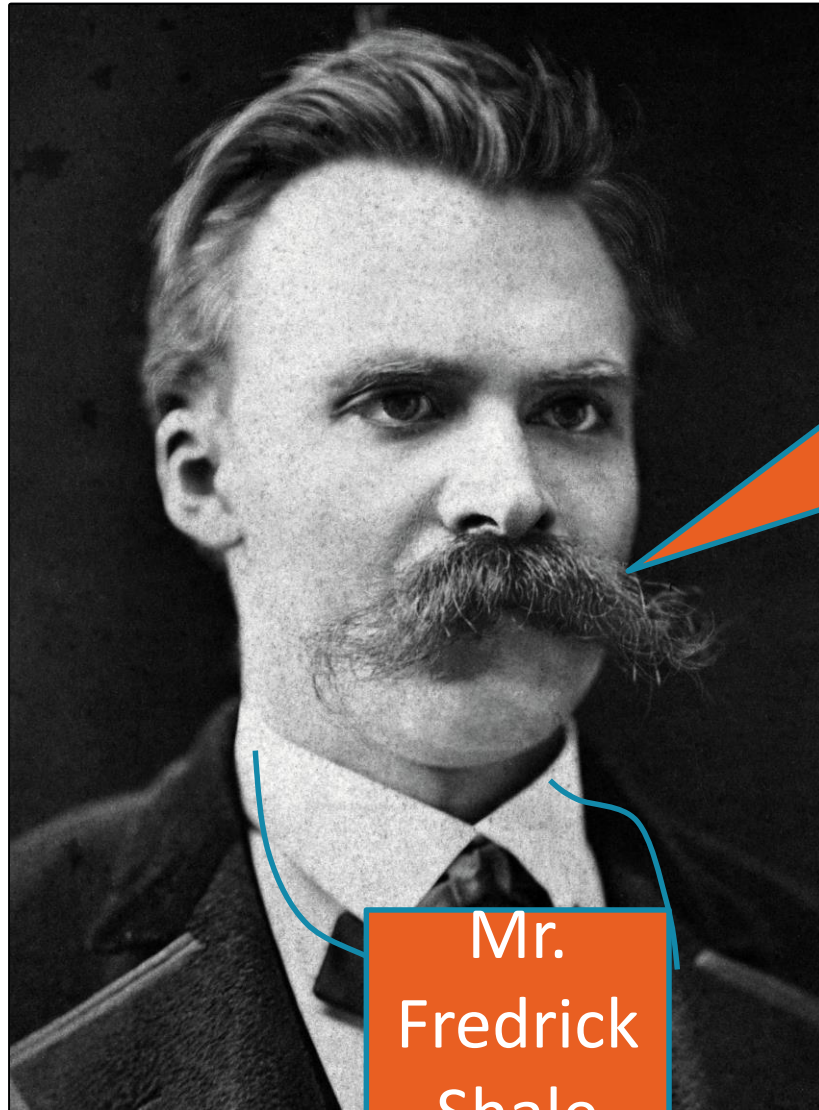
Oil Change International

April 14, 2015



**THE REPORTS OF
SHALE'S DEATH
HAVE BEEN
GREATLY
EXAGGERATED**

**Mr.
Samuel
Shale**



Mr.
Fredrick
Shale

That which does
not kill us, makes
us stronger

Conclusion

- An acceleration in “manufacturing learning” is leading a resurgence in shale gas = Shale Gas 2.0
- Implications
 - Forecasts need to be updated
 - Price dynamics will change and impact LNG supply and risk management decisions (e.g. reserves acquisitions for “long-term hedge”)
 - Shale 2.0 meets the needs of new LNG demand very well

Keys to Unconventional Gas



Abundant

- Changes planning paradigm
- Reduces volatility, increases supply security



Concentrated

- “Exploration” doesn’t apply
- 80% sourced from < 5 plays



Statistical

- 80% value derives from 20% of wells; high decline rate
- Many wells Drilling never stops



Manufacturing Learning

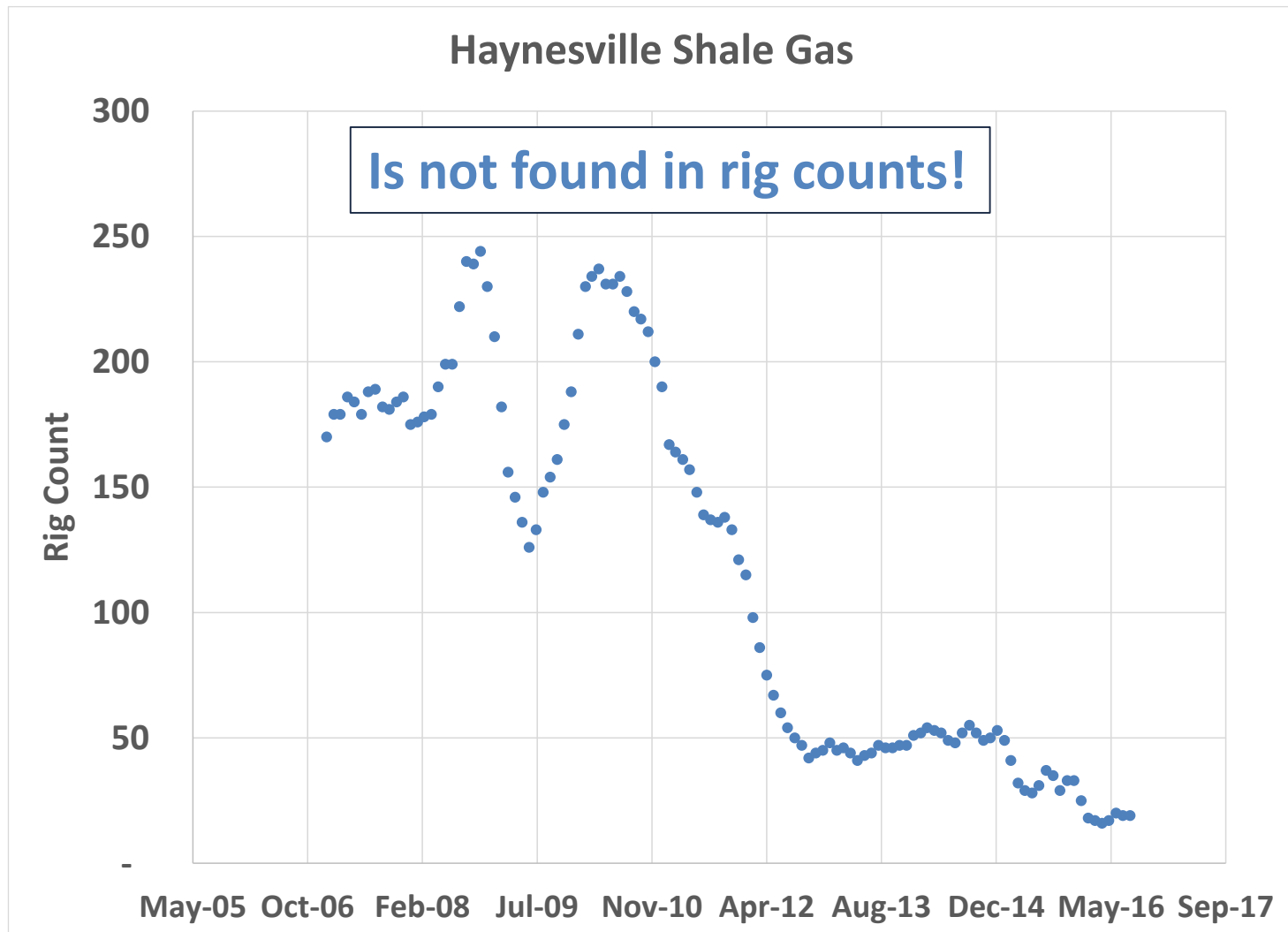
- Improvement never stops
- Many wells ... Drilling never stops



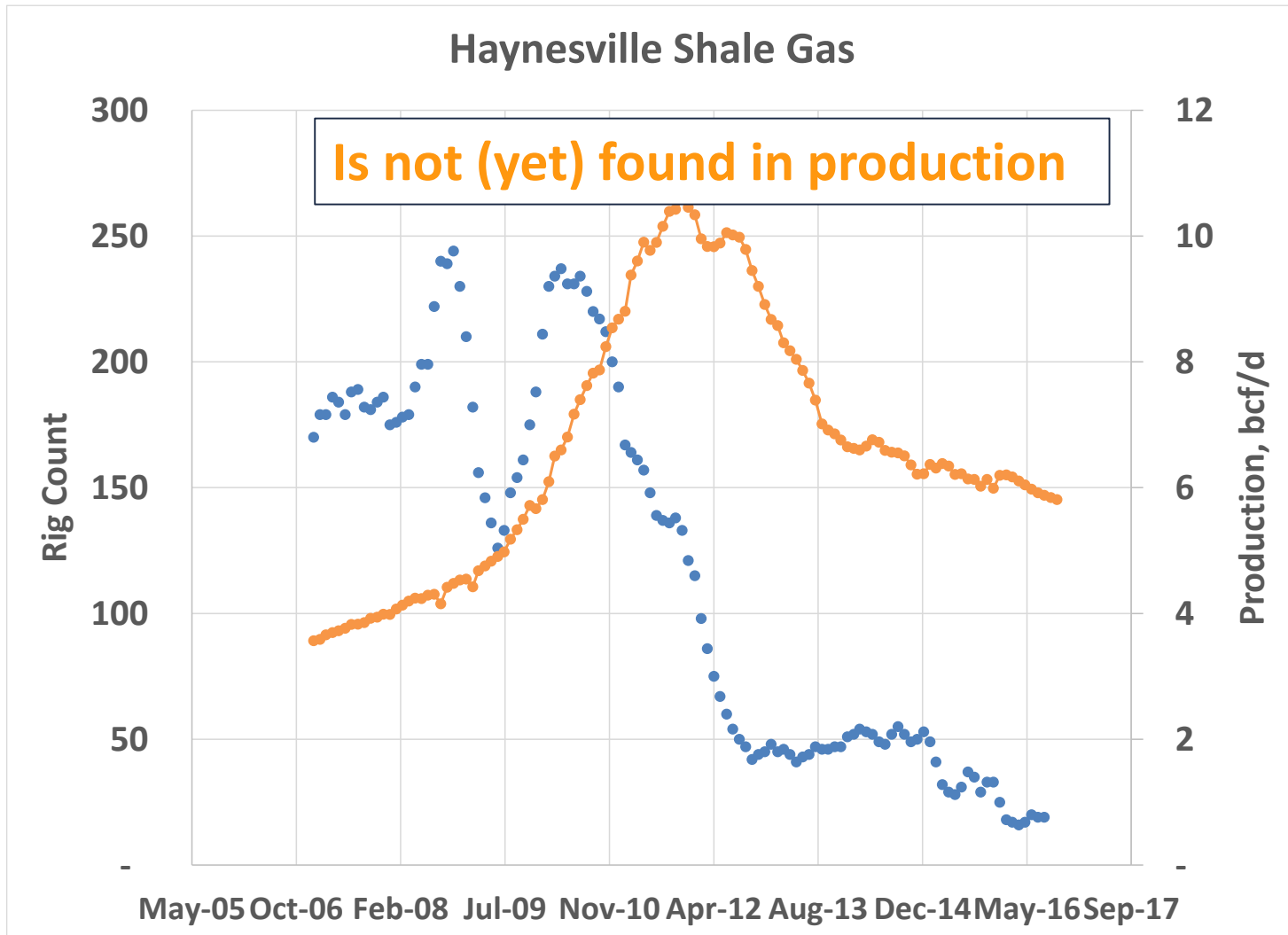
Infrastructure

- Many stakeholders over a long-time
- Preferences change over time creating long-term risks

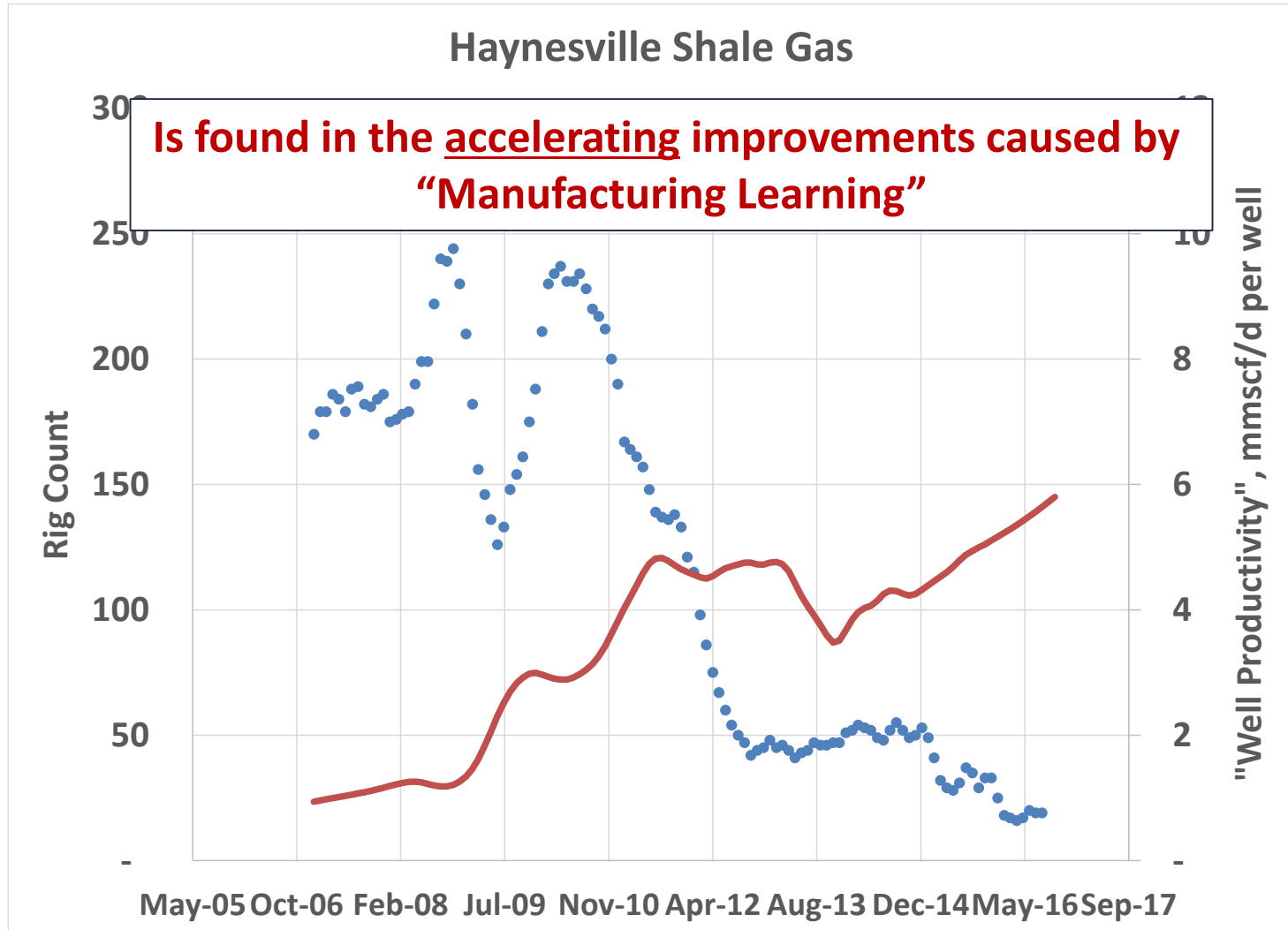
The resurgence of shale gas



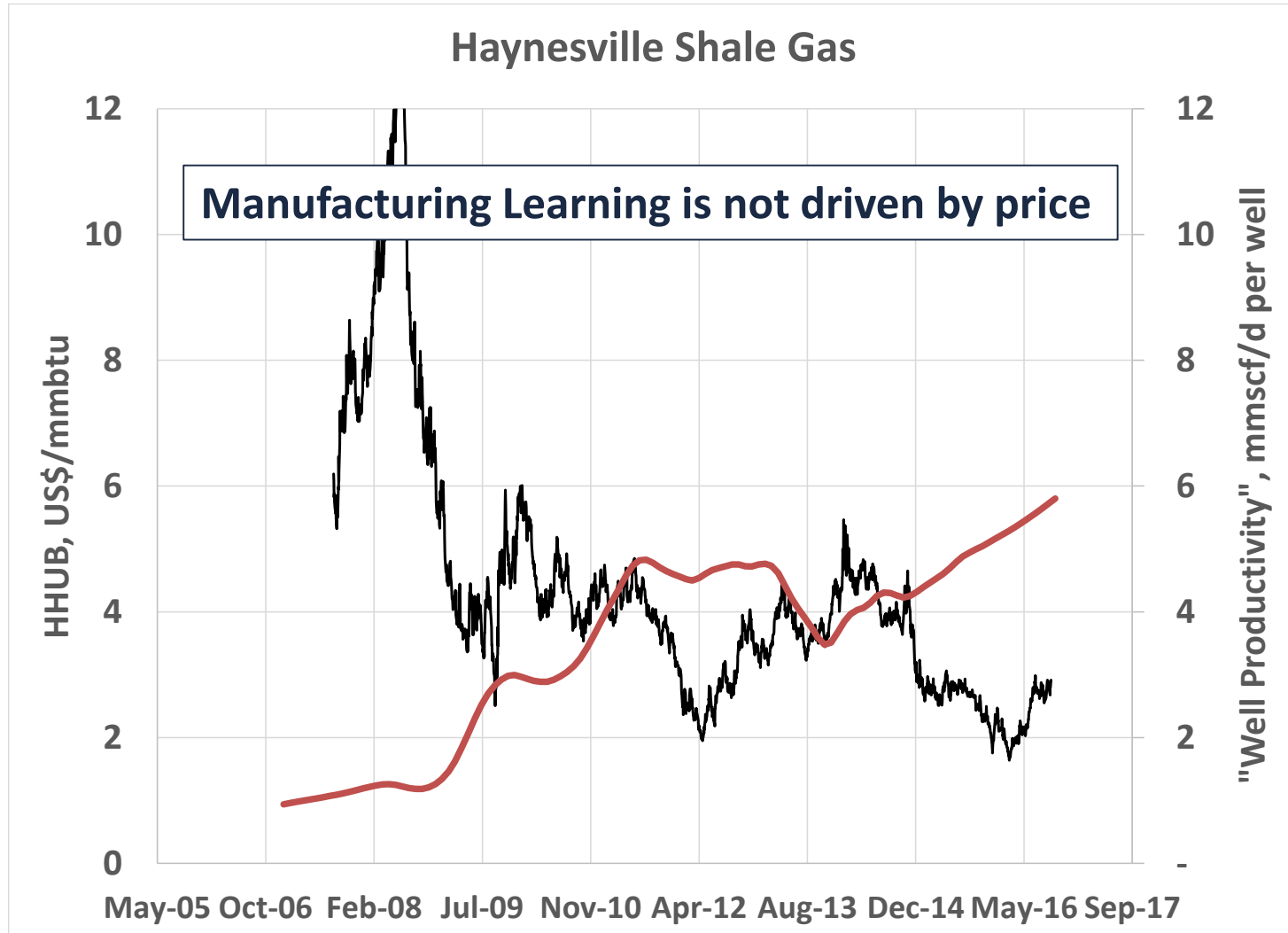
The resurgence of shale gas



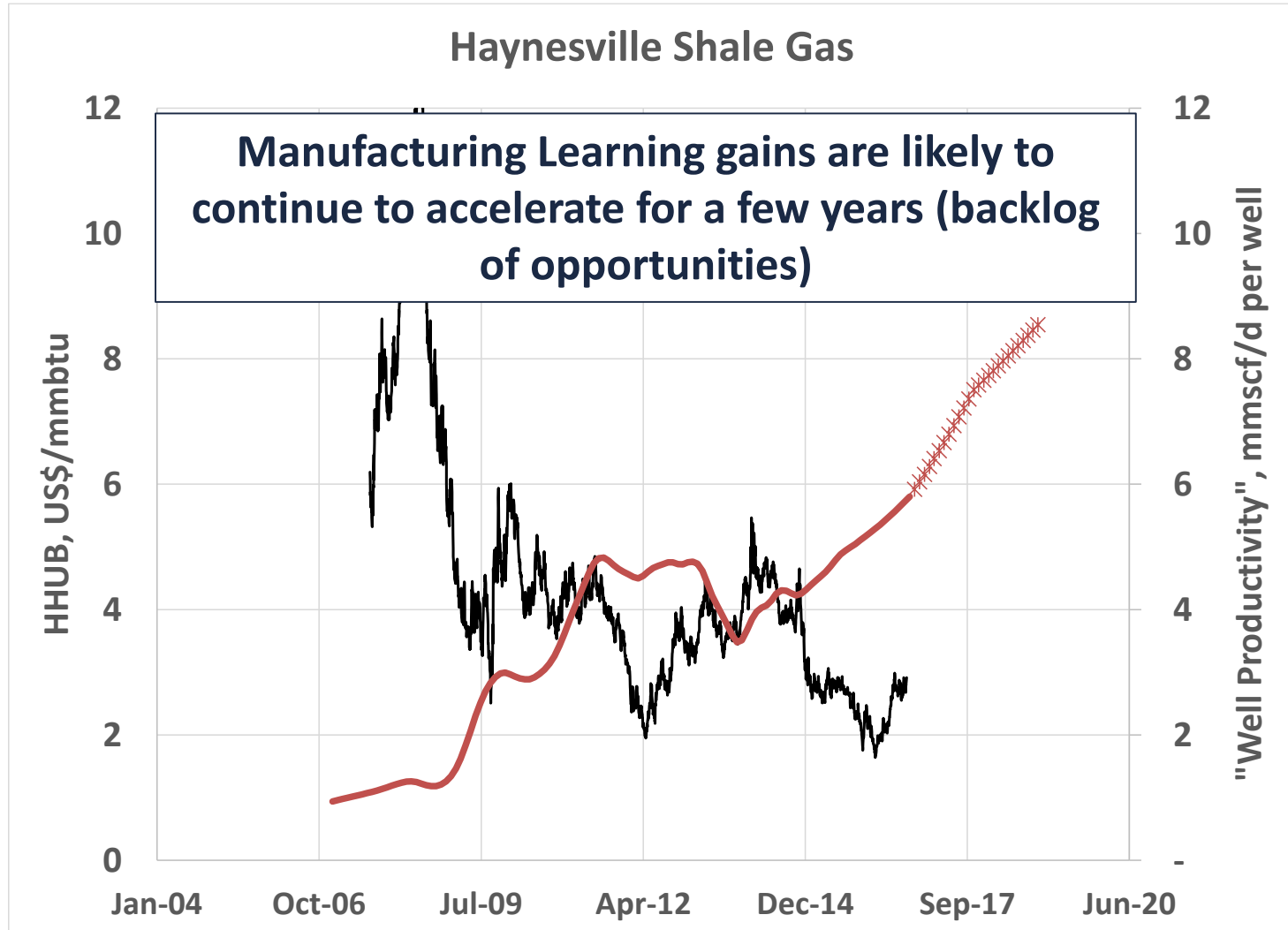
The resurgence of shale gas



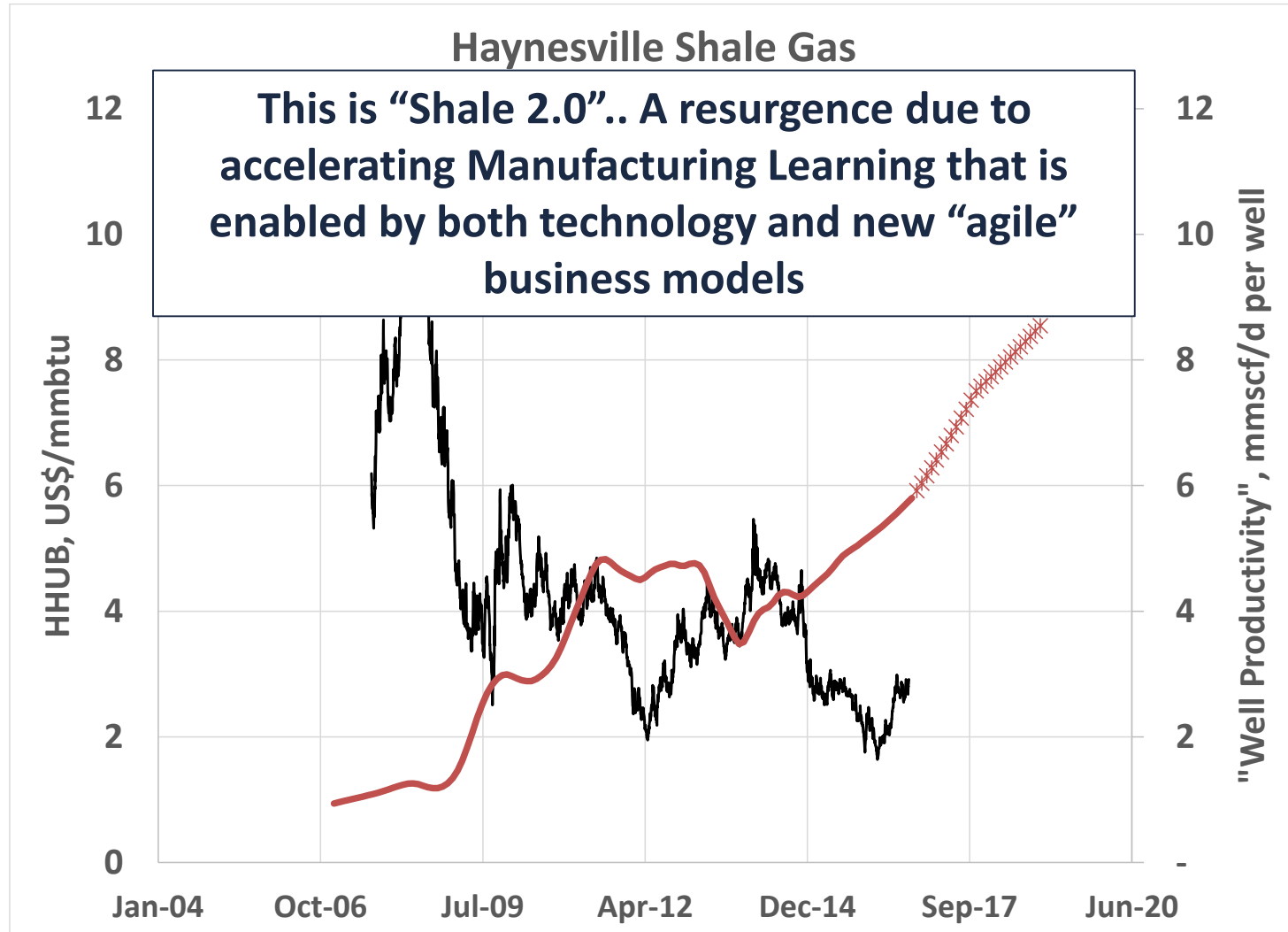
The resurgence of shale gas



The resurgence of shale gas



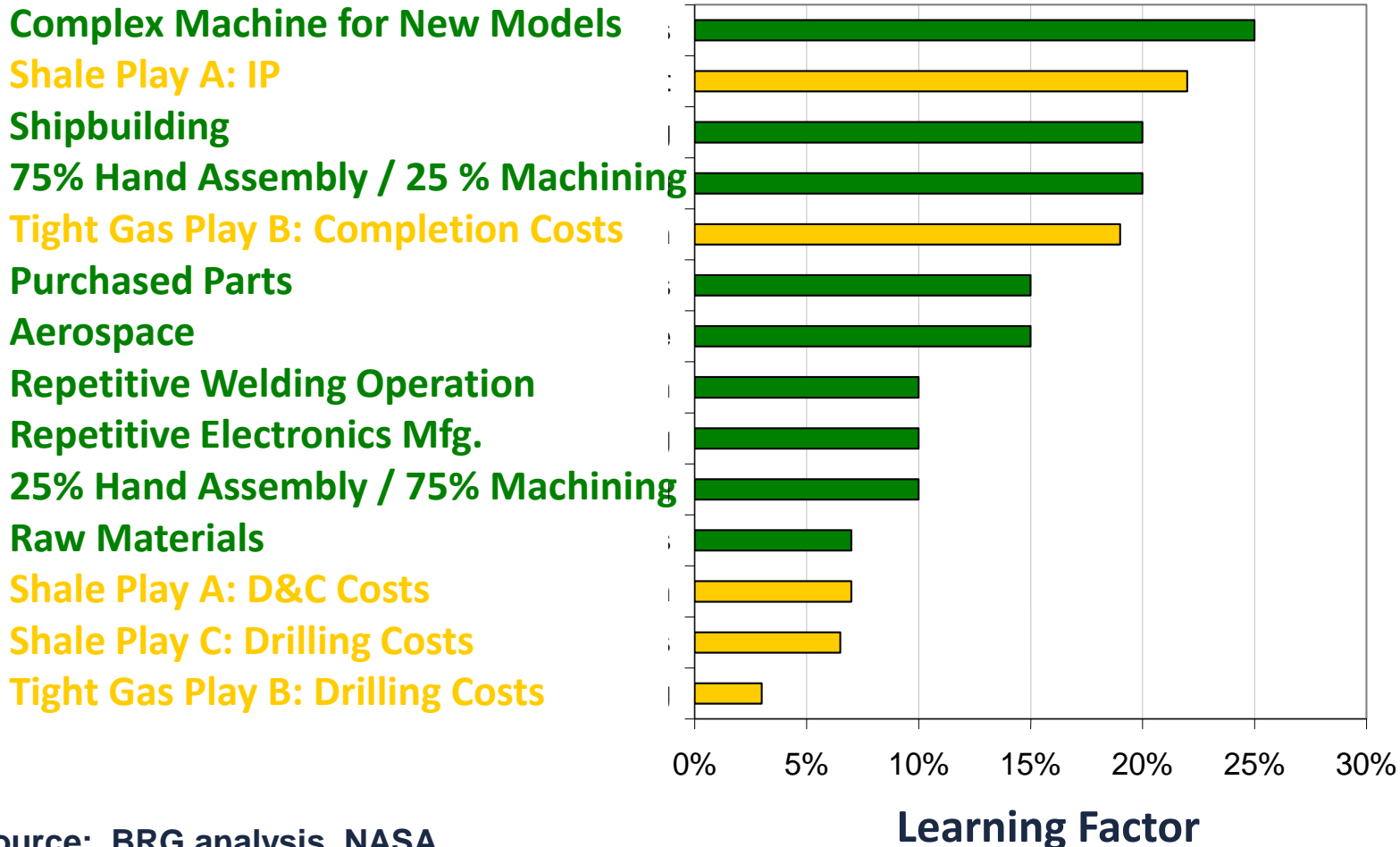
The resurgence of shale gas



“Manufacturing Learning” in Shale 2.0 is similar to other industries



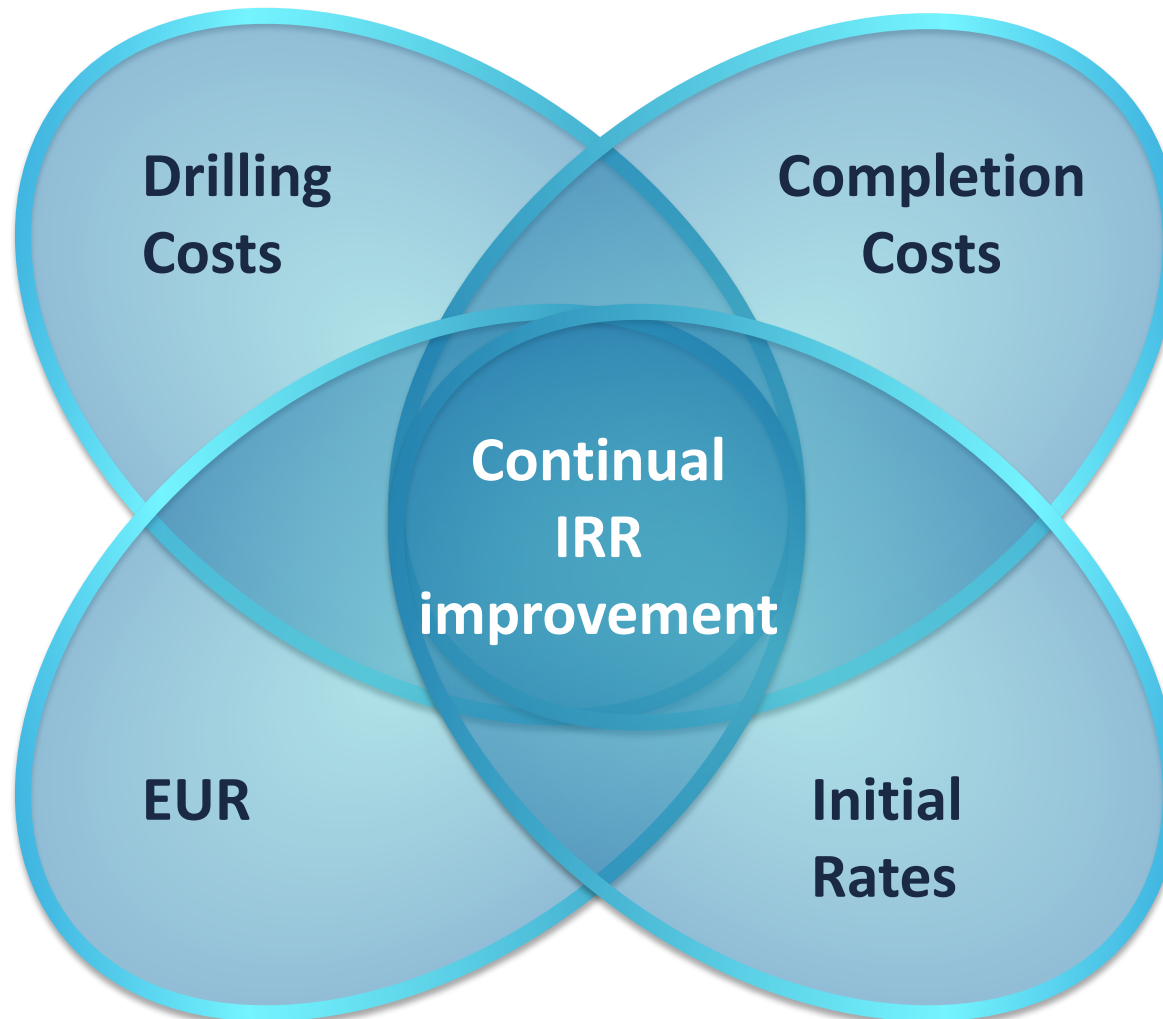
Comparison of Manufacturing Learning across industries



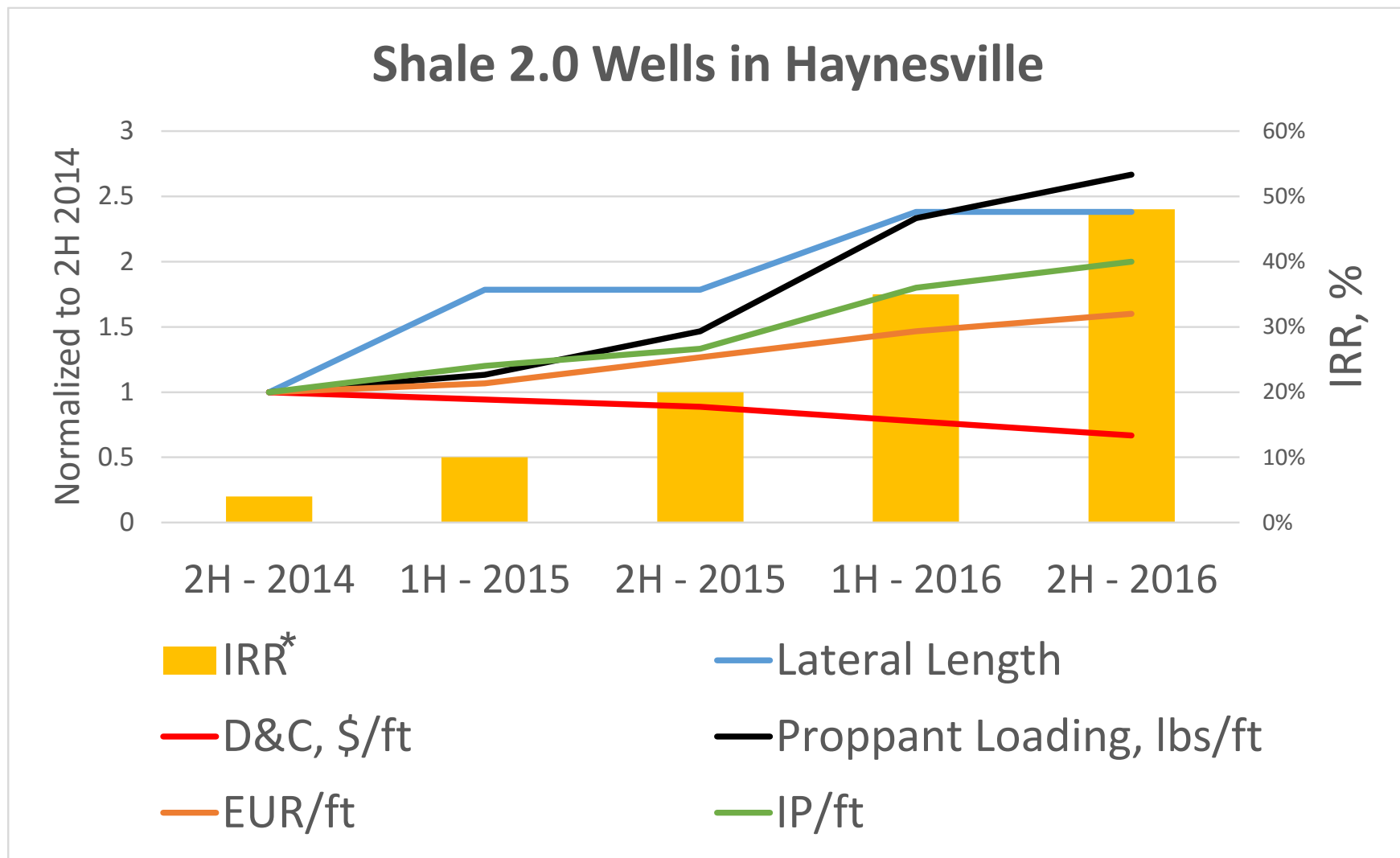
Source: BRG analysis, NASA

“Moore’s Law” for Shale 2.0

Every time the # of wells doubles, the IRR improves by 20%
(at constant commodity prices)



Shale 2.0 Example



*at \$3.00 mscf flat

Implications of Shale 2.0



- **Current forecasts are likely wrong**
 - Because manufacturing learning isn't captured correctly; not due to uncertainty

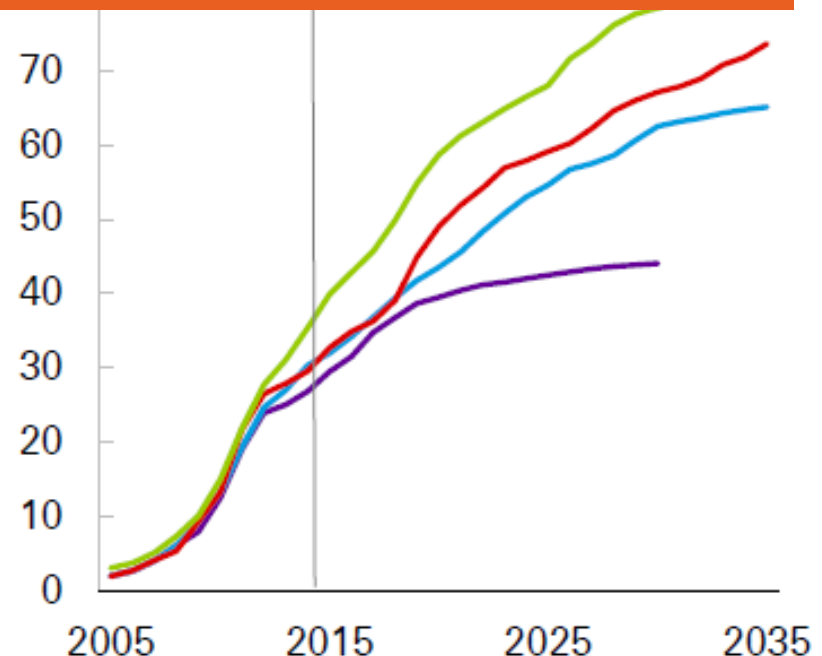
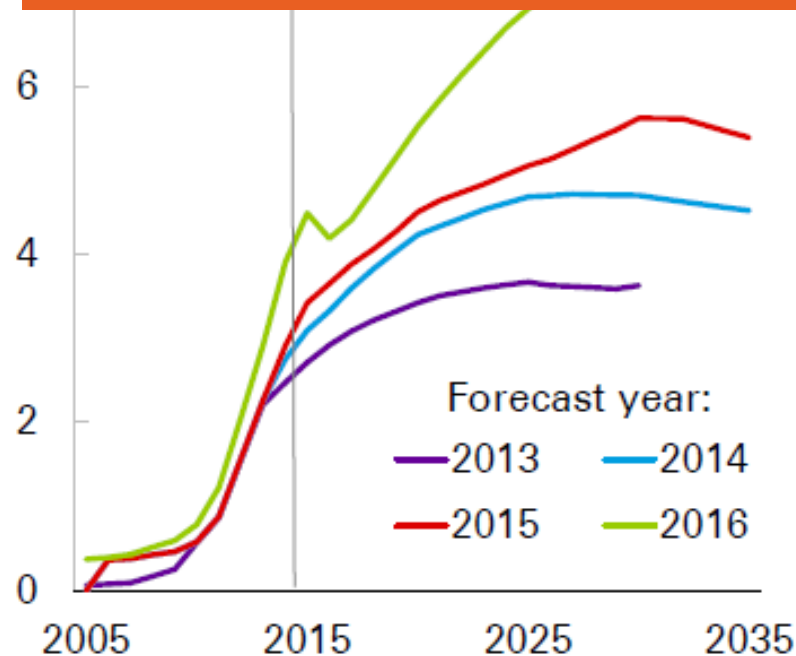


Forecasts have been, and likely are, wrong (play & aggregate level)

US tight oil forecasts

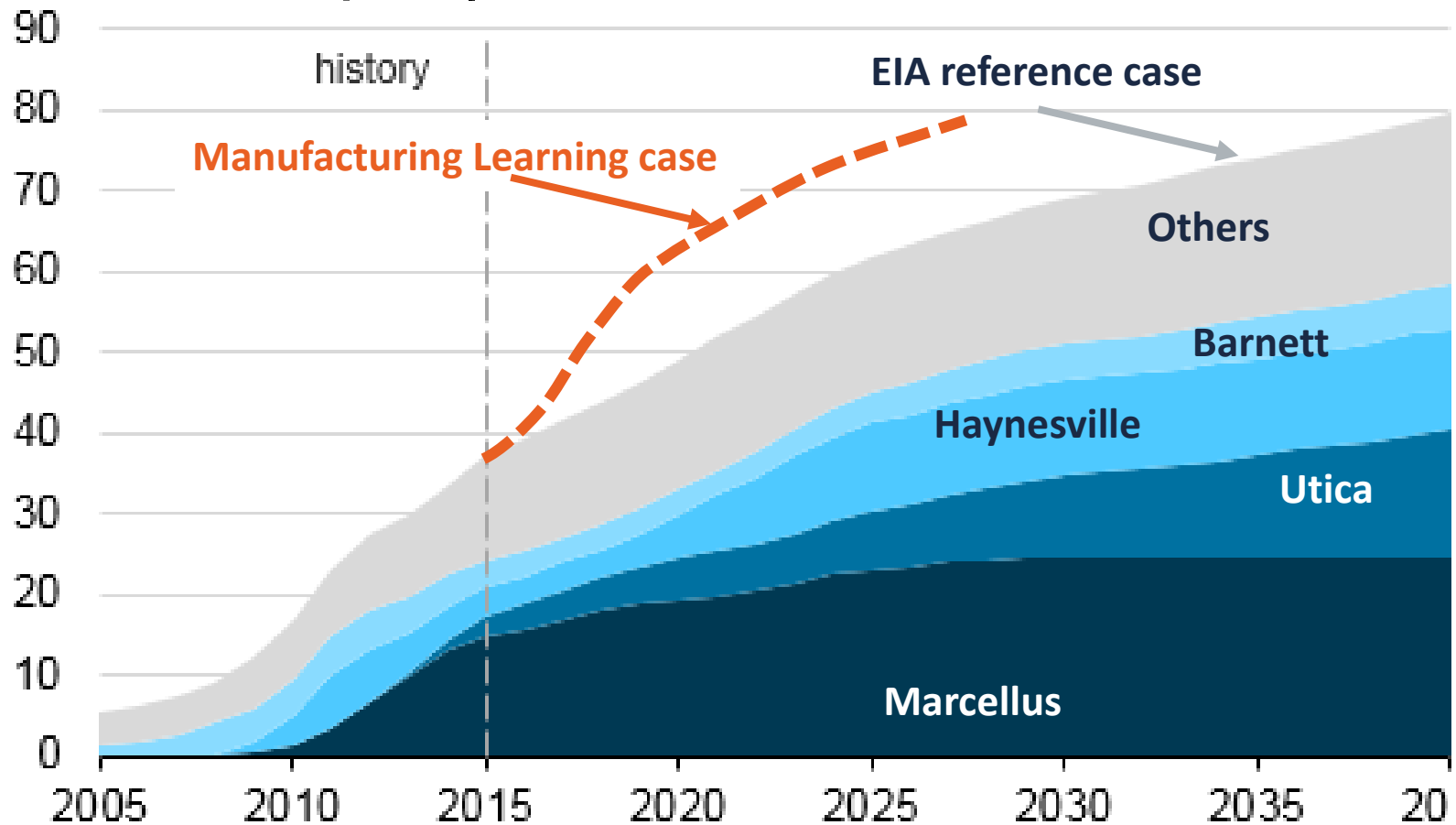
US shale gas forecasts

- Most forecasts ignore manufacturing learning.
- Most that do include, do not capture that learning is an experiential process.
- Rather a time driven process is assumed.
- Forecasts become much more reliable when manufacturing learning is included.



Production forecast with manufacturing learning

U.S. shale gas production (2005-40)
billion cubic feet per day



Implications of Shale 2.0

- Current forecasts are likely wrong
 - Because manufacturing learning isn't captured correctly; not due to uncertainty
- **HHUB price dynamics will (are!) change (ing!)**
 - Volatility is reduced but long-term uncertainty remains
 - Long-term hedge = “Insurance” = buying reserves

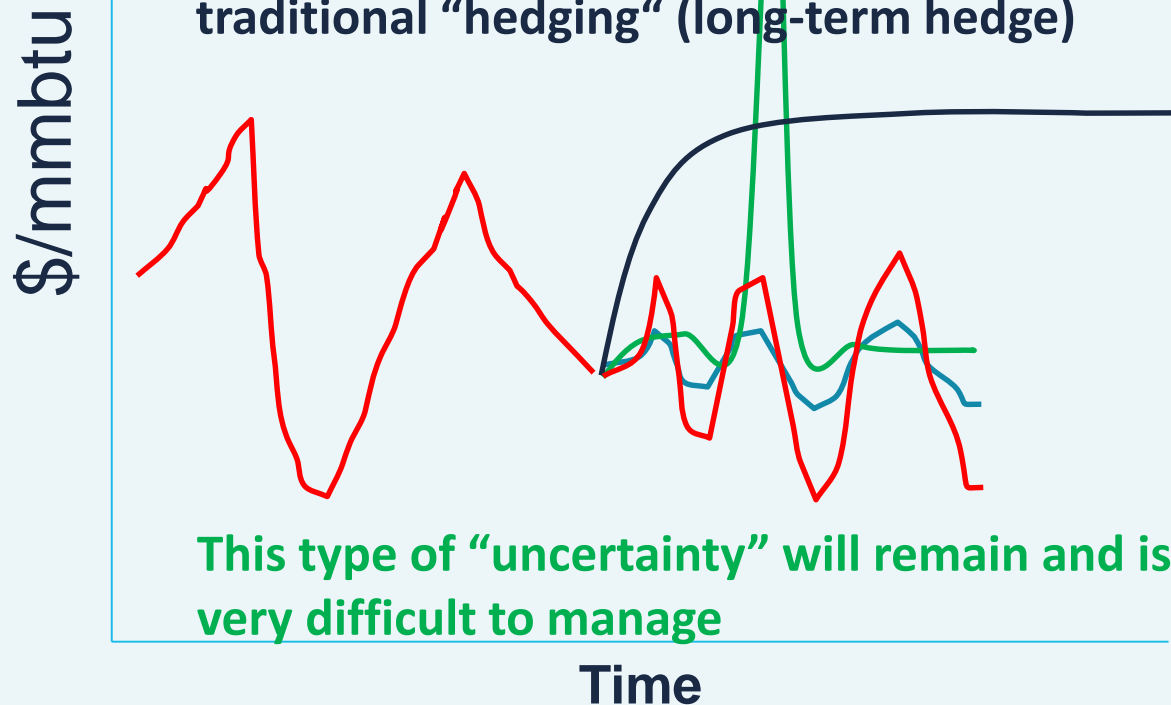


“Volatility”

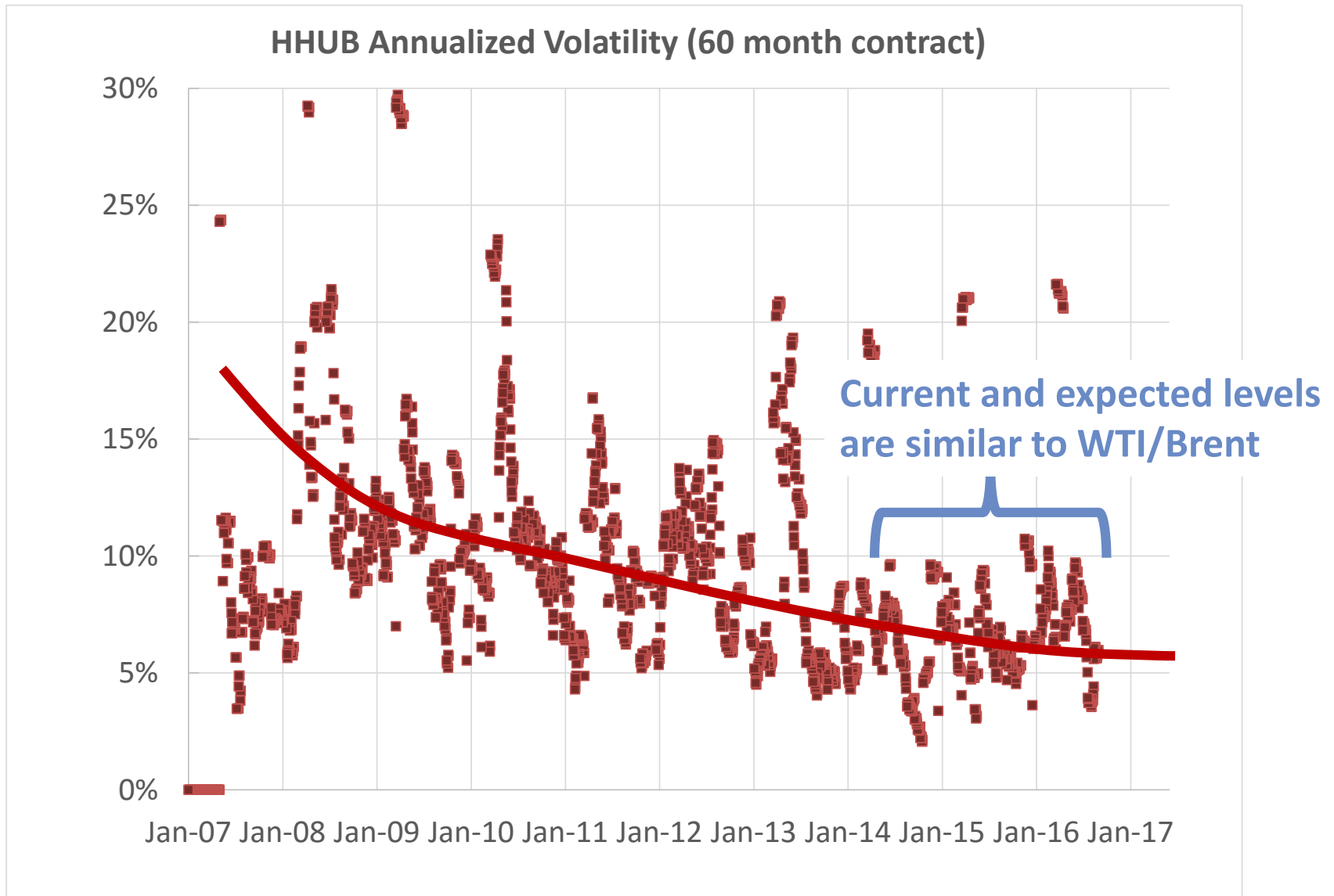
Shale 2.0 will impact different type of uncertainties differently

This type of “volatility” will get smaller

This type of “uncertainty” also smaller but important
Risk mitigation is more like “insurance” than
traditional “hedging” (long-term hedge)



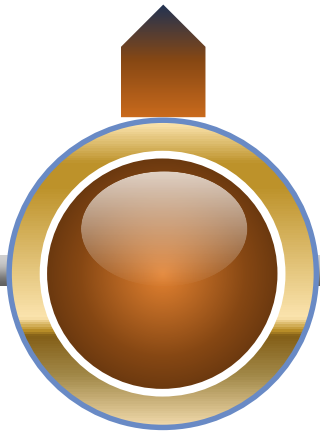
Volatility of long-term price indicators has fallen substantially



Asian buyers of US LNG should consider price “insurance” via reserves purchase

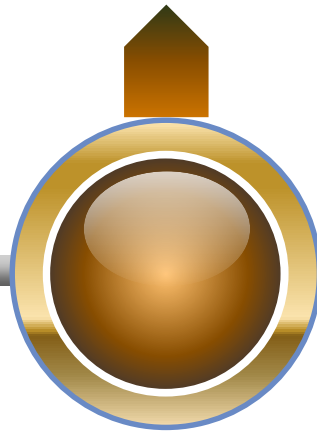


Alignment



Engage stakeholders “early & often”; define program success; need for many years of PUDs; value of “hedging”

Selection



Cast a broad net for operators; “manufacturing learning” more important than size; don’t restrict geography

Performance Agreement



Negotiate production & cost performance guarantee with operators for sliding scale ownership of upside

Non-Op Capabilities



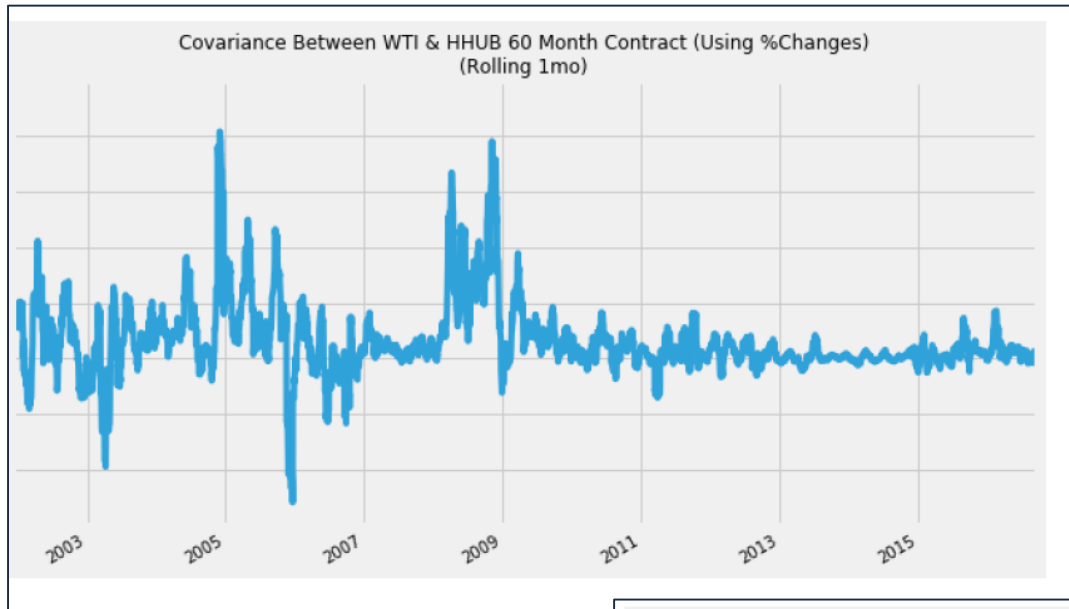
Leverage JoA and other agreements, build capabilities to be “active participant”

Implications of Shale 2.0

- Current forecasts are likely wrong
 - Because manufacturing learning isn't captured correctly; not due to uncertainty
- **HHUB price dynamics will (is!) change (ing)**
 - Volatility is reduced but long-term uncertainty remains
 - Long-term hedge = “Insurance” = buying reserves
 - HHUB and WTI/Brent further decoupled
 - “all of the above” supply strategies (US Gulf Coast + other crude linked) for Asian LNG are more resilient

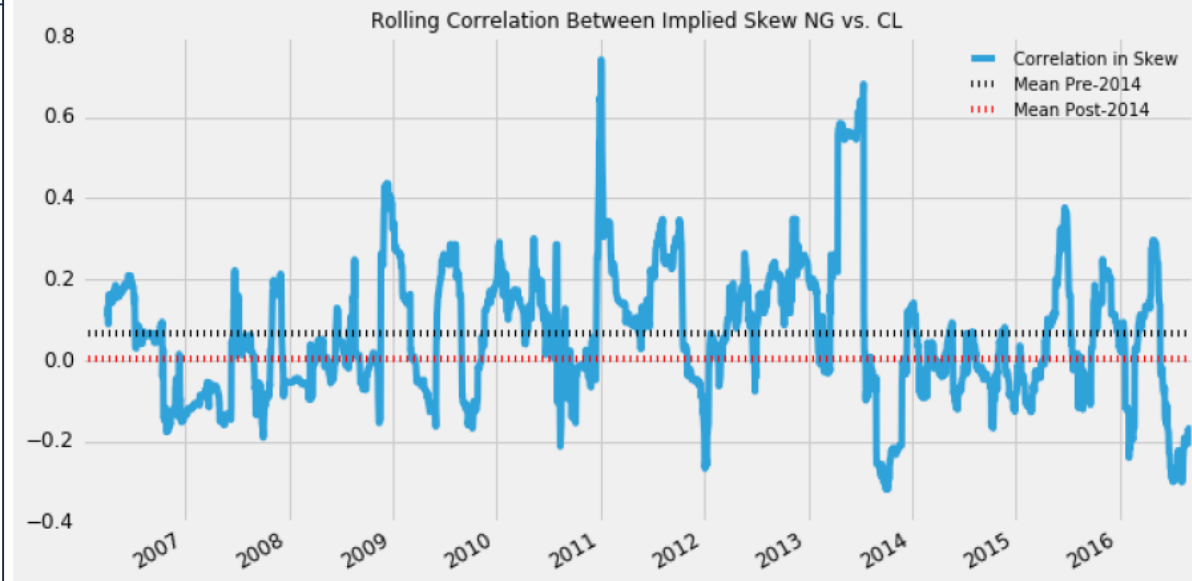


Correlation of HHUB/Crude will continue to diminish significantly



Correlation factor has declined by over half in last 2 years and is expected to continue to decouple

Examination of “skewness” (implied vol. of calls/implied vol. of puts) reveals demand for long-term “insurance” is already growing



Implications of Shale 2.0

- **Current forecasts are likely wrong**
 - Because manufacturing learning isn't captured correctly; not due to uncertainty
- **HHUB price dynamics will (is!) change (ing)**
 - Volatility is reduced but long-term uncertainty remains
 - Long-term hedge = “Insurance” = buying reserves
 - HHUB and WTI/Brent further decoupled
 - “all of the above” supply strategies (US Gulf Coast + other crude linked) for Asian LNG are more resilient
- **Where's the demand?**
 - SSLNG, FSRUs match Shale 2.0 growth profile well

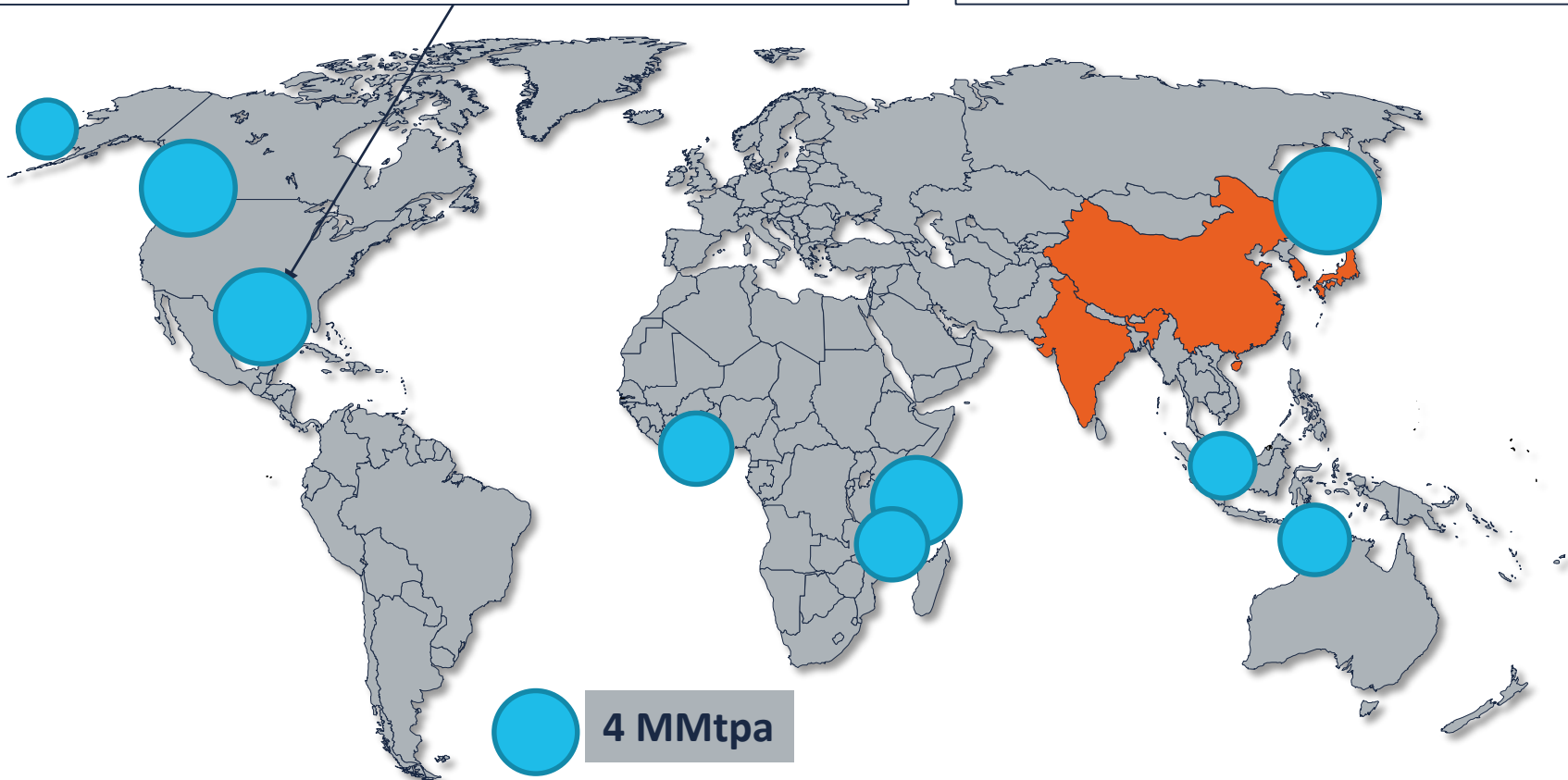


Demand from “traditional” LNG market is oversupplied until ~mid-2020s



Only 1 (Magnolia) of the almost 20 MMtpa projects that could take FID in the next 12-18 months are directly linked to Shale 2.0.

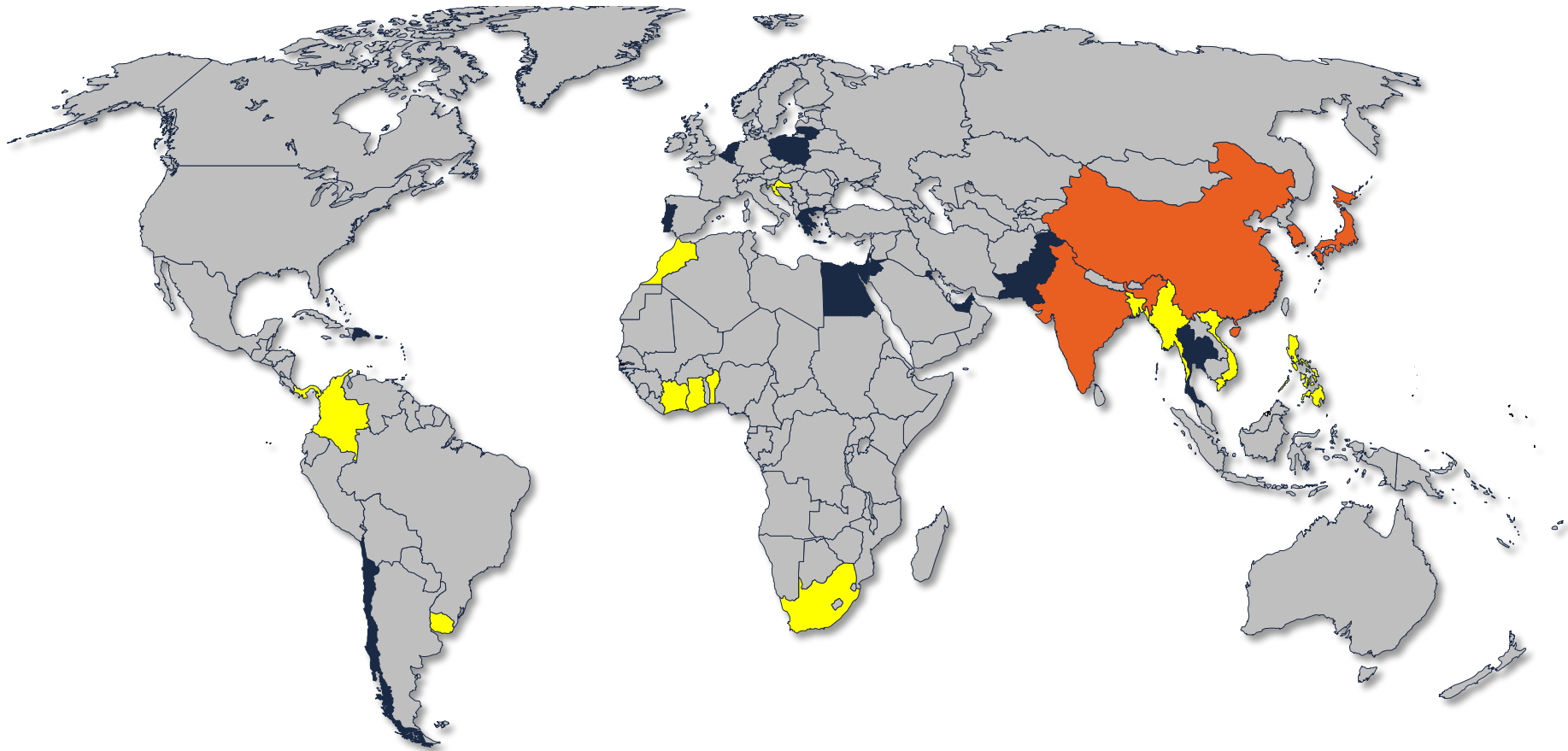
The “big 4” demand centers of traditional LNG account for almost two-thirds of global demand



Projects likely to take FID (or not!) in next 12-18 months

To grow, think small

Small markets (< 3mmtpa, black) have grown their market share by over 50% over the last two years and now account for ~15% of the global market. An equal number of smaller markets are actively trying to establish Small-Scale LNG (SSLNG, yellow).



Shale 2.0 meets the needs of SSLNG better than traditional “big-box” plays



Small means... Small

- Manufacturing learning increases rates gradually

Small means ... Fast

- Shale 2.0 “optionality”

Small means Flexible

- Shale 2.0 “optionality”

Small means ... Diverse

- Transportation, chemicals, etc.

Conclusion

- An acceleration in “manufacturing learning” is leading a resurgence in shale gas = Shale Gas 2.0
- Implications
 - Forecasts need to be updated
 - Price dynamics will change and impact LNG supply and risk management decisions (e.g. reserves acquisitions for “long-term hedge”)
 - Shale 2.0 meets the needs of new LNG demand very well